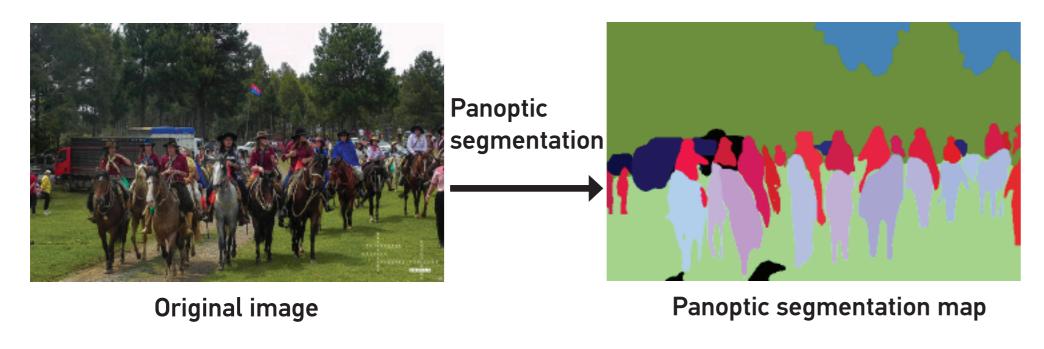


NAS-SpatialFlow: Neural Architecture Search for Panoptic Segmentation

Student: Cao Liu Supervisor: Assoc Prof Loy Chen Change

1. Objective

Neural architecture search (NAS) can automatically find an efficient neural network architecture. We apply a gradient-based NAS method called DARTS to search for a network structure to better fuse features between sub-networks based on SpatiaFlow, a unified neural network with four sub-networks for panoptic segmentation.



2. Approach

Algorithm 1: DARTS Algorithm

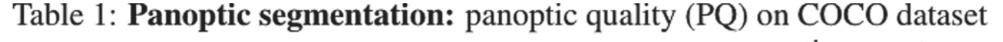
Result: The searched architecture α

- 1. Given a set of operations O as the search space
- $O = \{conv3 \times 3, identity, none\}.$
- 2. Define α as a vector with length |O|. Each operation $o \in O$ is associated with a parameter a_o , which is an element in α .
- 3. Define mixed operation as

$$o^{(i,j)}(x) = \sum_{o \in O} \frac{\exp(\alpha_o)}{\sum_{o' \in O} \exp(\alpha_{o'})} o(x)$$
 (1)

- 4. Initialize the associated architecture parameter α while not converge do
 - 1. update architecture α by gradient descending
 - $\nabla_{\alpha}L_{val}(w \varepsilon \nabla_{w}L_{train}(w, \alpha), \alpha)$
- 2. update weights w by descending $\nabla_w L_{train}(w, \alpha)$

end



Model	Backbone	PQ	PQ^{th}	PQ^{st}
Panoptic FPN	ResNet50	39.0	45.9	28.7
AUNet	ResNet50	39.6	49.1	25.2
Baseline	ResNet50	39.3	45.1	30.5
NAS-SpatialFlow	ResNet50	39.7	45.6	30.8
SpatialFlow	ResNet50	40.5	46.7	31.1
Attention-guided SpatialFlow	ResNet50	40.8	47.0	31.5

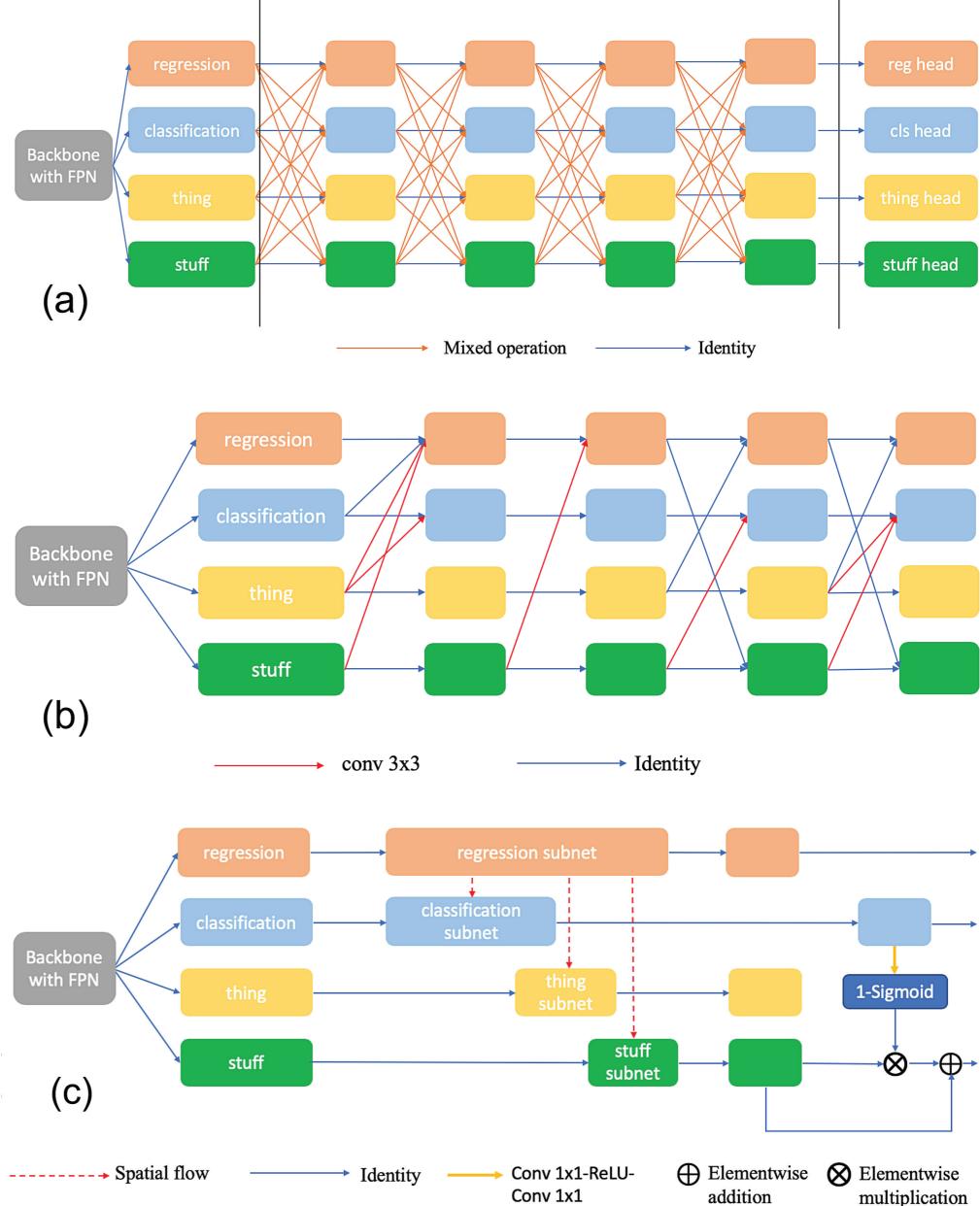


Figure 1: (a) Initial structure of NAS-SpatialFlow.

- (b) The structure of NAS-SpatialFlow at the end of the search.
- (c) Attention-guided SpatialFlow.

3. Conclusion

The current effective NAS methods used in image classification do not perform well in more complicated tasks like panoptic segmentation, as the searched NAS-SpatialFlow model is inferior to the human-designed SpatialFlow model. Moreover, the attention modules designed based on human-prior knowledge enhance the recognition of the background stuff of SpatialFlow.